Walker/Rollator Safety

Erin Curtin, OTR/L, Wellness Coordinator

Walkers:

A walker has 2 wheels in the front or no wheels at all. A walker provides more support than a rollator.

If a walker is recommended by your health care provider, be sure to use it and do not switch to a rollator.





Rollators: (also called rolling walkers)

A rollator usually has 4 wheels (some styles have 3 wheels). They usually have brakes and a seat. A rollator can "get away from you" more quickly than a walker and provides less support.





Adjusting your walker or rollator:

- Your walker or rollator should be adjusted to the correct height for you.
- If the handles are too high, it could cause arm/shoulder pain and may not provide the support you need, which could lead to a fall.
- If the handles are too low, it may cause you to lean forward and "hunch over", which could cause back/neck pain and lead to a fall if you are putting too much weight on it.



*If you are unsure if your walker or rollator is adjusted to the correct height, please ask and I am happy to check it!



Safety Tips

- 1. In community settings, look around and make sure there are clear pathways. Watch for obstacles.
- 2. Keep the pathways in your home free of clutter, cords and throw rugs.
- 3. Don't be afraid to ask for help! We are happy to try to move something if we can to make a clear pathway for your walker/rollator.
- 4. Never push your walker or rollator into something to try to move it.
- 5. When walking always keep both hands on the hand grips. Use the rollator seat or a walker basket/tray/bag to transport items.
- 6. Stay "inside" the walker. Keep the walker close to your body- the further away from your body it is, the less support it can give you.
- 7. If you feel the rollator moving too quickly, use the brakes to control the speed.
- 8. Always keep the walker in front of you, facing out the front of the walker.
- 9. Turn using small steps.
- 10. Lock the brakes before sitting. Attempting to sit on an unlocked rollator is very unsafe.

Sitting down and Standing up

*Knowing how to sit down and stand up safely when using a walker or rollator can reduce your risk of falling.



Safely sitting down:

- 1. Turn the walker (slowly using small steps) until the chair or bed is touching the back of your legs.
- 2. If you have a rollator, put the brakes on before sitting.
- **3.** Reach back with your hands for the armrests or surface before sitting in a controlled manner.



Safely standing up:

- 1. If you have a rollator, make sure the brakes are on before standing.
- 2. Always push from the arm rests/surface where you are sitting.
- 3. Never pull up from or lean on the walker/rollator (it could tip over).
- 4. Once standing, put each hand on the hand grips and, if you have a rollator, unlock the brakes before walking.

Using the rollator seat safely:



- 1. Make sure your rollator is on a level surface.
- 2. Lock the brakes and slowly turn to sit.
- 3. Reach back for the handles and sit down slowly in a controlled manner.
- 4. Stand back up carefully and turn around slowly.
- 5. When both hands are on the hand grips and you are ready to move, unlock the brakes.

*Remember: Using a walker or rollator safely and correctly can reduce your risk of falling and improve your mobility.

I am always happy to answer any questions! Erin Curtin, OTR/L, Wellness Coordinator 413-437-5372